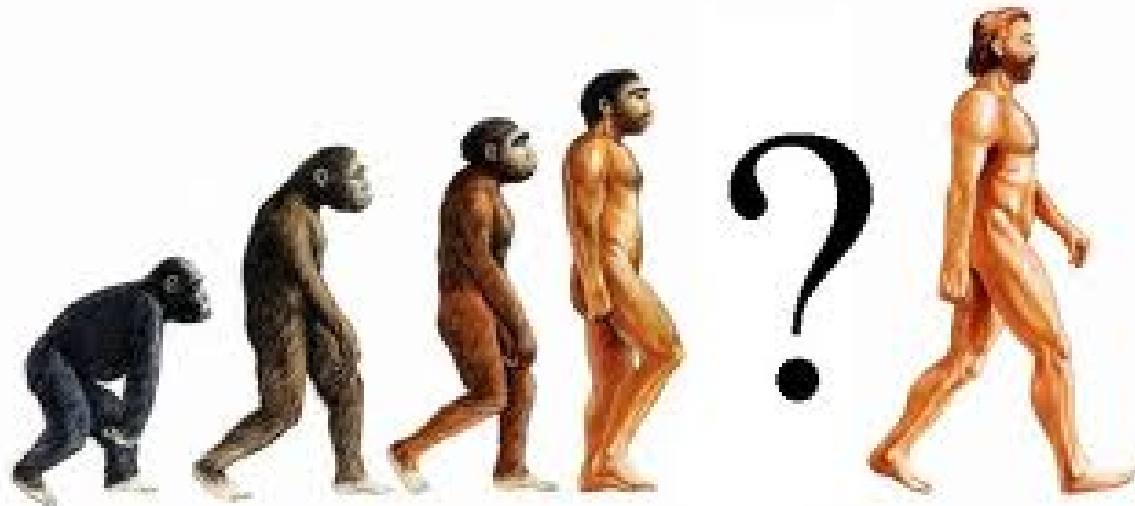




I. An integrated TKE based eddy-diffusivity/mass-flux scheme for the dry CBL

II. An EDMF approach to the vertical transport of TKE







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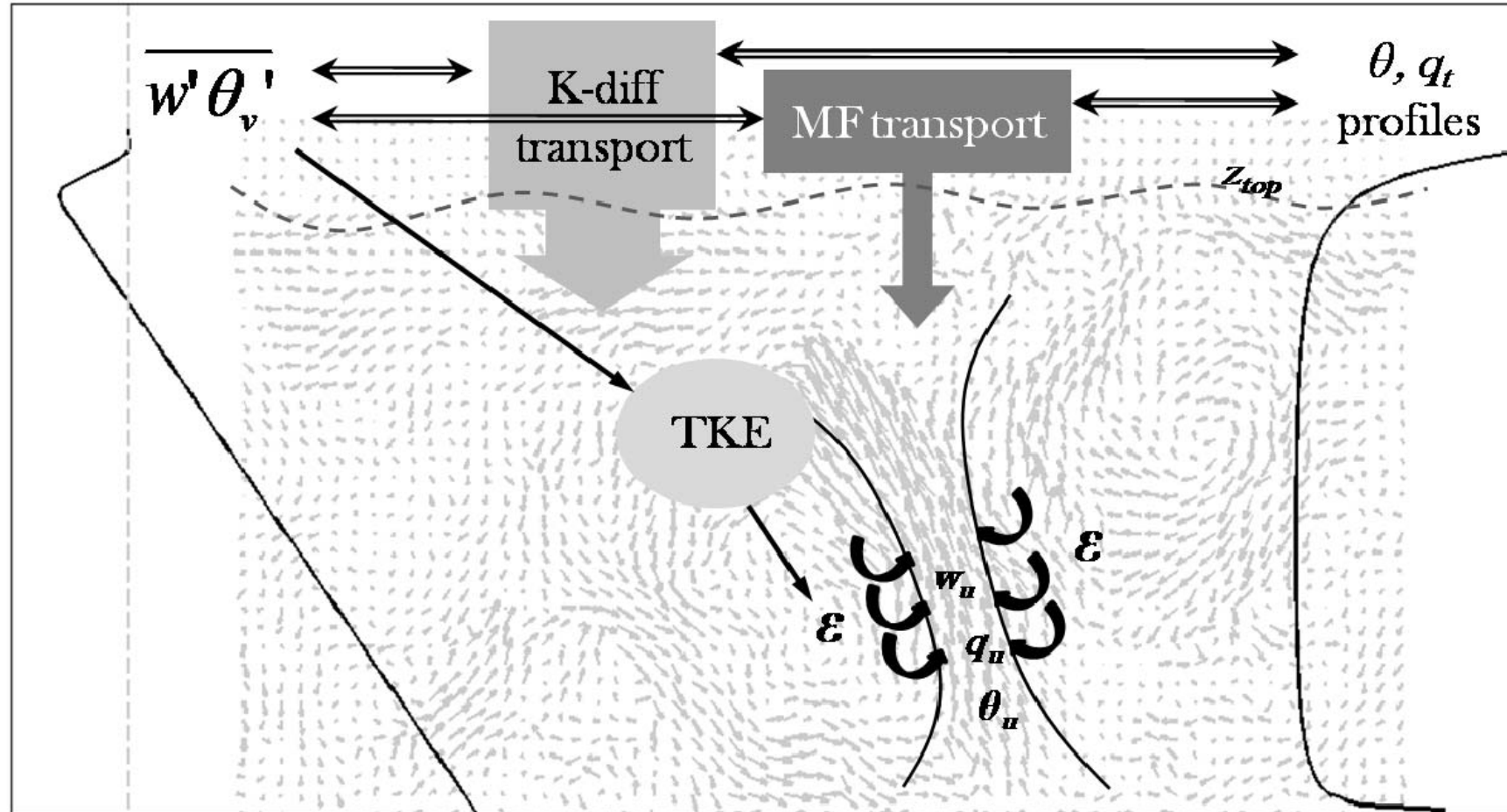
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PART 1

Combined TKE-EDMF scheme



$$\overline{w' \varphi'} \cong \overline{w' \varphi'}^e + M(\varphi_u - \bar{\varphi})$$



TKE impacts both ED and MF transport terms



Scalar prognostic equation:

$$\frac{\partial \bar{\phi}}{\partial t} = -\frac{\partial \overline{w'\phi'}}{\partial z} + F_\phi$$

### EDMF concept :

(Siebesma and Teixeira, 2000)

$$\overline{w'\phi'} \cong -K_\phi \frac{\partial \bar{\phi}}{\partial z} + M(\phi_u - \bar{\phi})$$

### Mass-flux term:

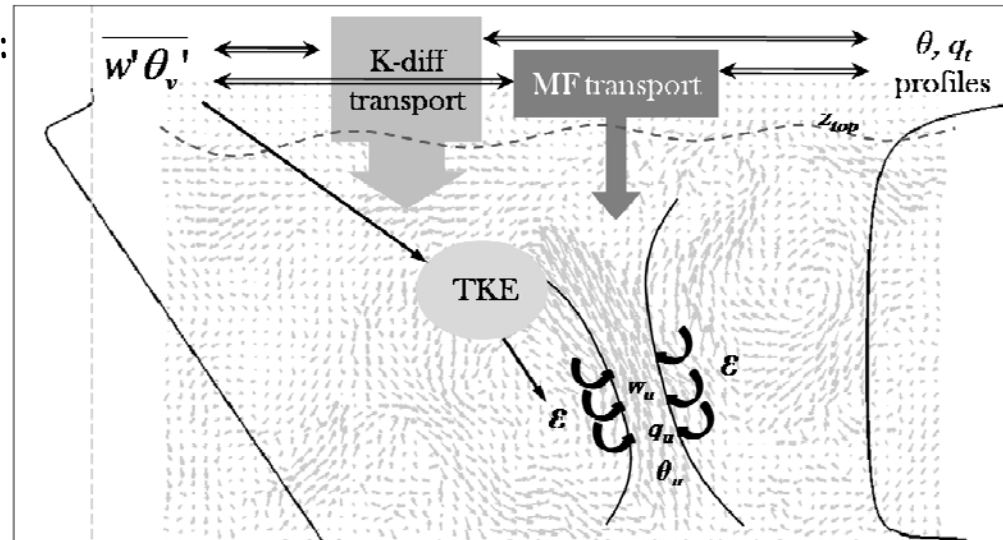
$$M = \rho \sigma w_u \quad \text{Unknown: } \sigma, w_u, \phi_u, \varepsilon$$

Assumption:  $\sigma = 0.1$  - we simulate the strongest 10% of the  $w$  distribution

$$w_u \frac{\partial w_u}{\partial z} = -\varepsilon b_1 w_u^2 + b_2 F_{w,u} \quad \varepsilon = a \frac{1}{l}$$

$$\frac{\partial \phi_u}{\partial z} = -\varepsilon (\phi_u - \bar{\phi})$$

Entrainment coefficient:  
 exchange of properties  
 between updrafts and  
 environment



### Eddy-diffusivity term:

$$K_{\phi,e} = C_k l \sqrt{e} \quad l^{-1} = l_1^{-1} + l_2^{-1}$$

$$l_1 = \tau \sqrt{e} \quad \text{– Teixeira and Cheinet (2004)}$$

$$l_2 = kz f(z/L) \quad \text{– e.g. Nakanishi (2001)}$$

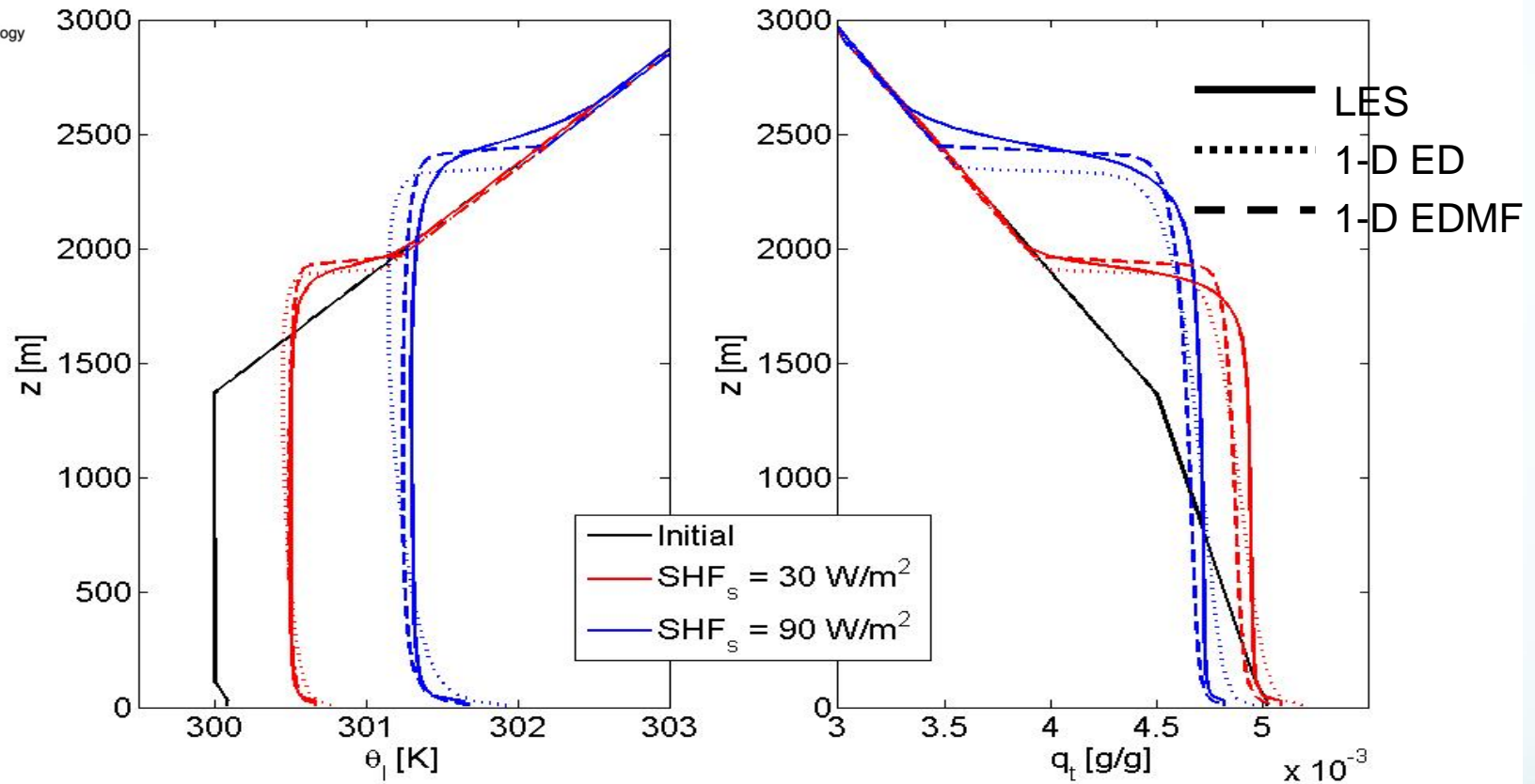
$$\tau = 0.5 \frac{z_{top}}{w_*}$$



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## $\theta$ and $q_t$ vertical profiles after 6 hours



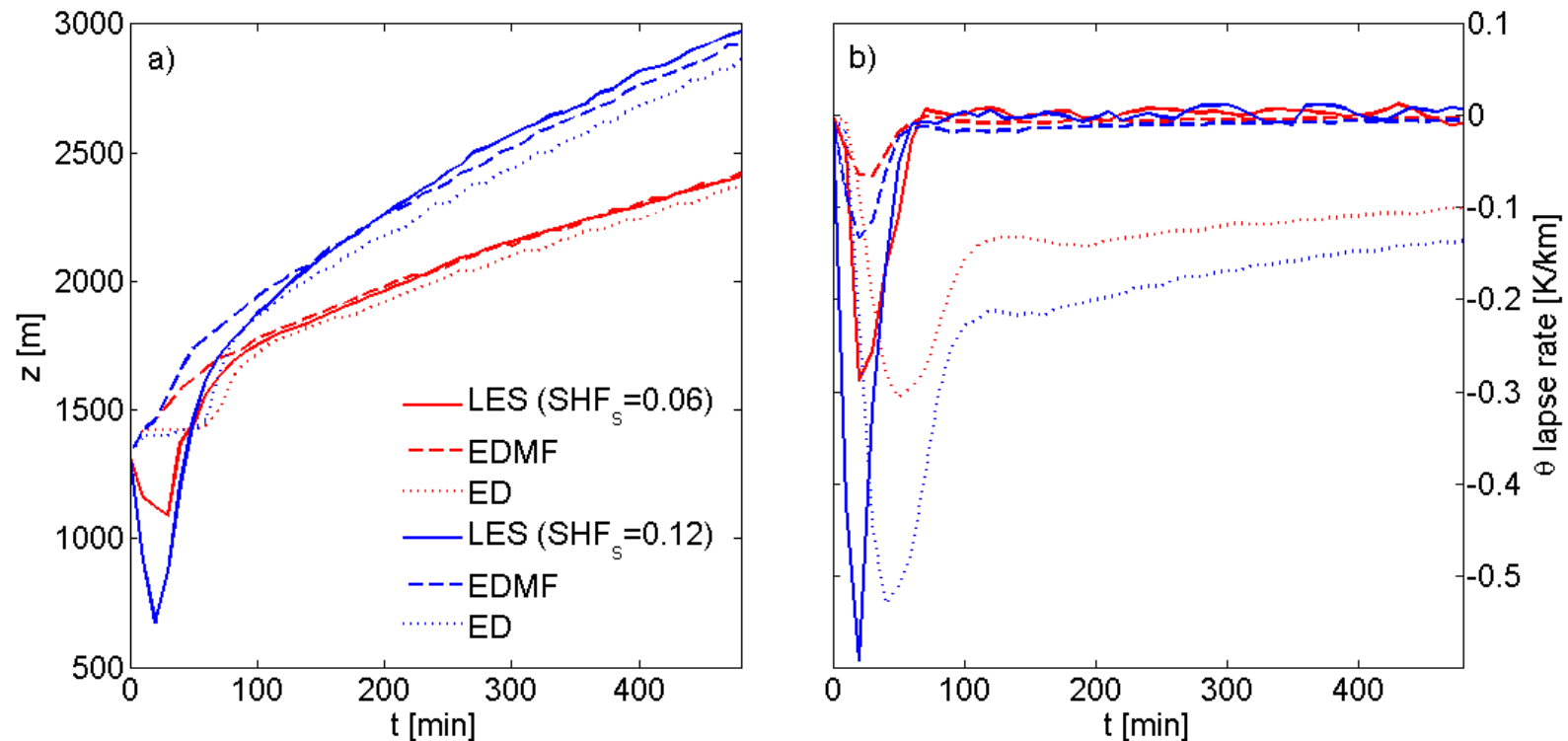
- Pros
- surface layer more realistic
  - neutral profile in the well-mixed layer
  - larger entrainment leads to better inversion height

- Cons
- inversion layer too sharp compared to LES
  - $q_t$  not sufficiently well mixed



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## Boundary layer height (a) and $\theta$ lapse rate (b) evolutions



Good behavior in time, after initial spin-up effects

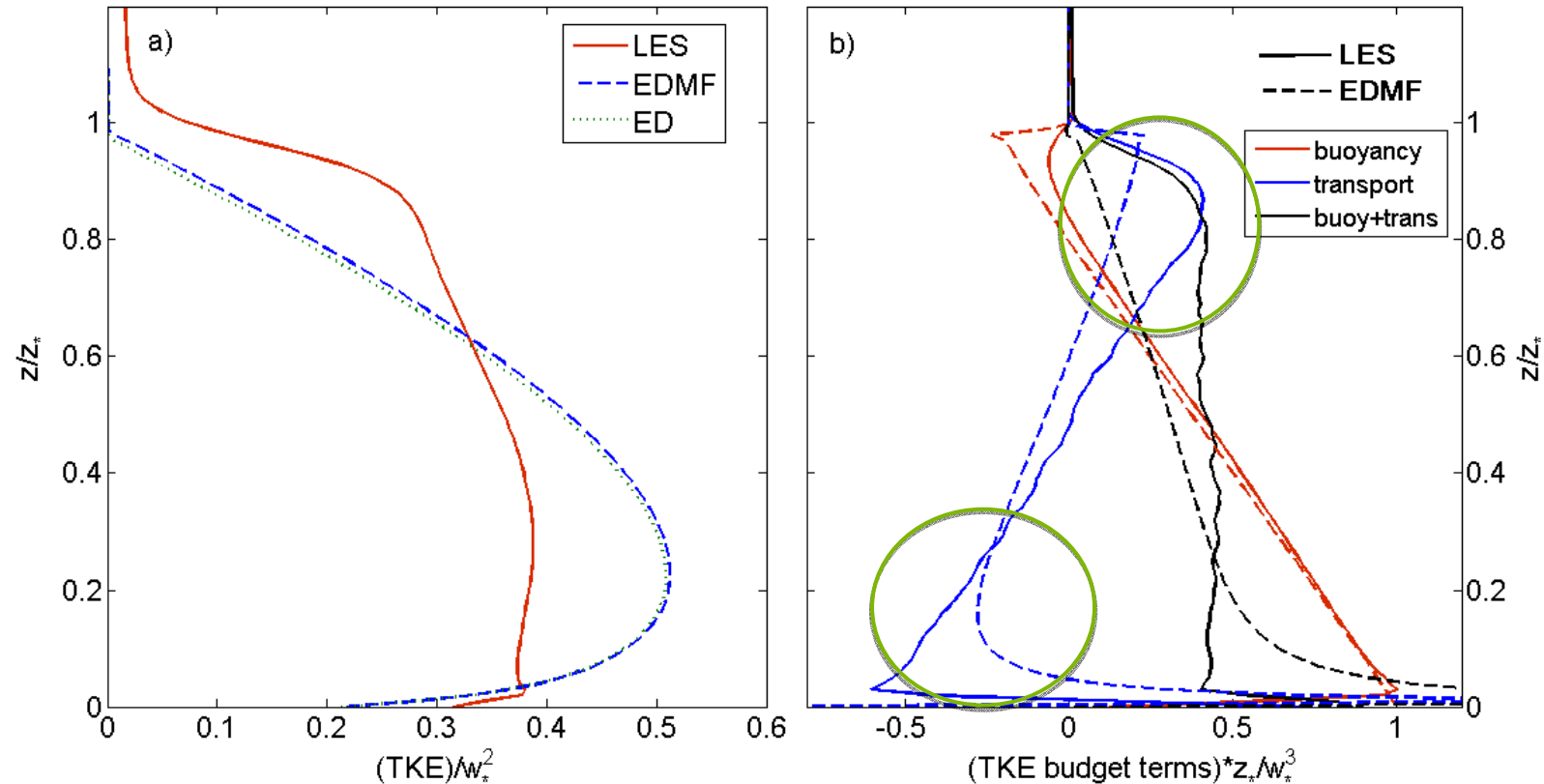


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## Normalized TKE profile and TKE budget

$$trans = -\frac{\overline{\partial w' e'}}{\partial z} - \frac{\overline{\partial w' p'}}{\partial z}$$



- 1D model does not resolve TKE profile sufficiently well, underestimating TKE close to the inversion
- Improvements are needed: mass-flux transport of TKE (or some other transport terms... wait for part 2)





## Lateral entrainment parameterizations comparison

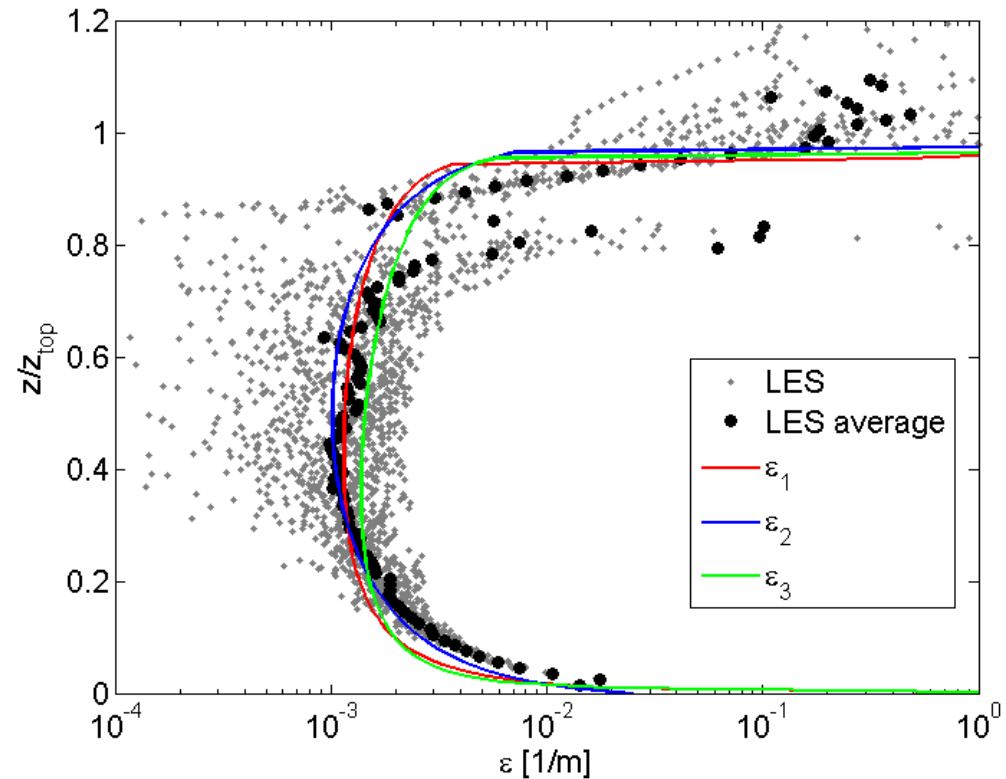
$\varepsilon$  diagnosed from LES

$$\frac{\partial \phi_u}{\partial z} = -\varepsilon(\phi_u - \bar{\phi})$$

$$\varepsilon_1 = a_1 \frac{1}{l}$$

$$\varepsilon_2 = a_2 \left( \frac{1}{z + \Delta z} + \frac{1}{(z_{top} - z) + \Delta z} \right)$$

$$\varepsilon_3 = a_3 \frac{1}{\tau w_u}$$

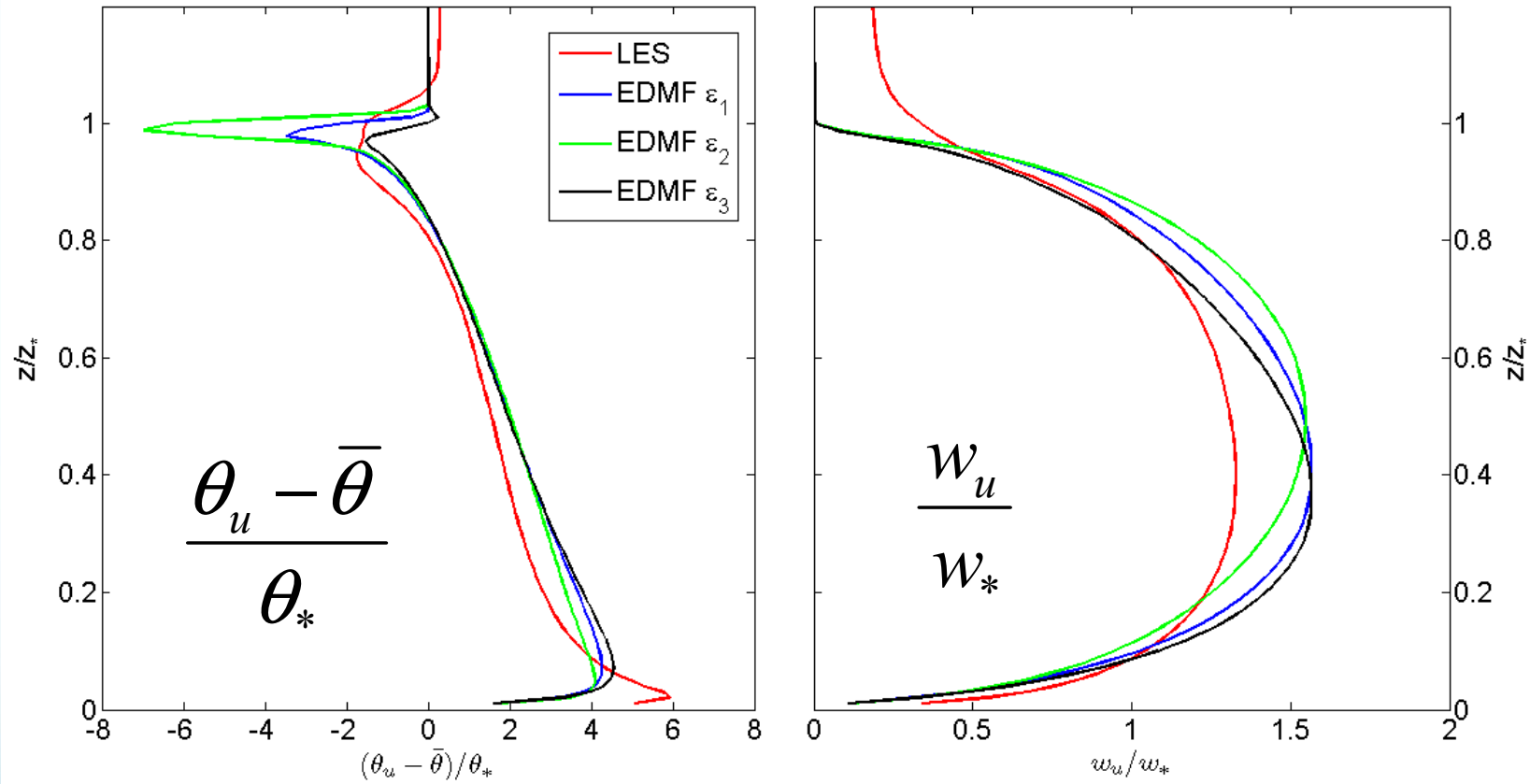


- Good agreement between LES-diagnosed and parameterized  $\varepsilon$  values
- Small differences between various parameterizations



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## Updraft characteristics

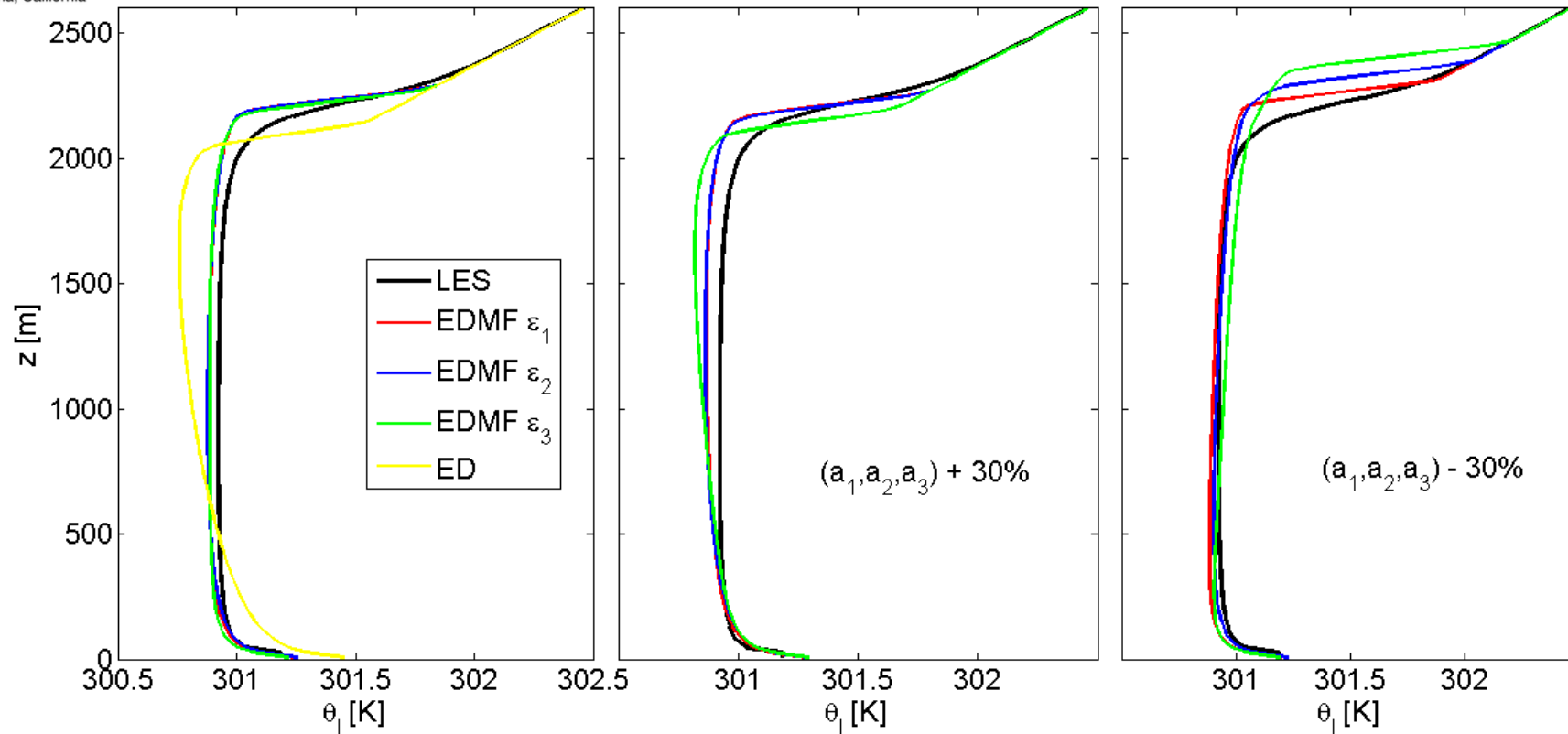




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## Some additional sensitivity studies:



- All  $\epsilon$  parameterizations can simulate CBL very well
- Changing parameters  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$  and  $a_3$  indicates the robustness of each approach
- $\epsilon$  based on TKE has some advantages over the other parameterizations



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Can we extend TKE based  $\varepsilon$  parameterization to the shallow convection ?

... preliminary results



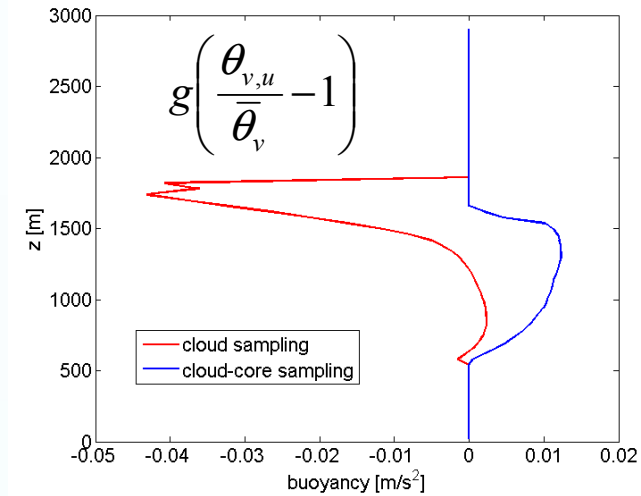
## Entrainment parameterization in moist convection: BOMEX case

Three ways of diagnosing  $\varepsilon$  based on LES results:

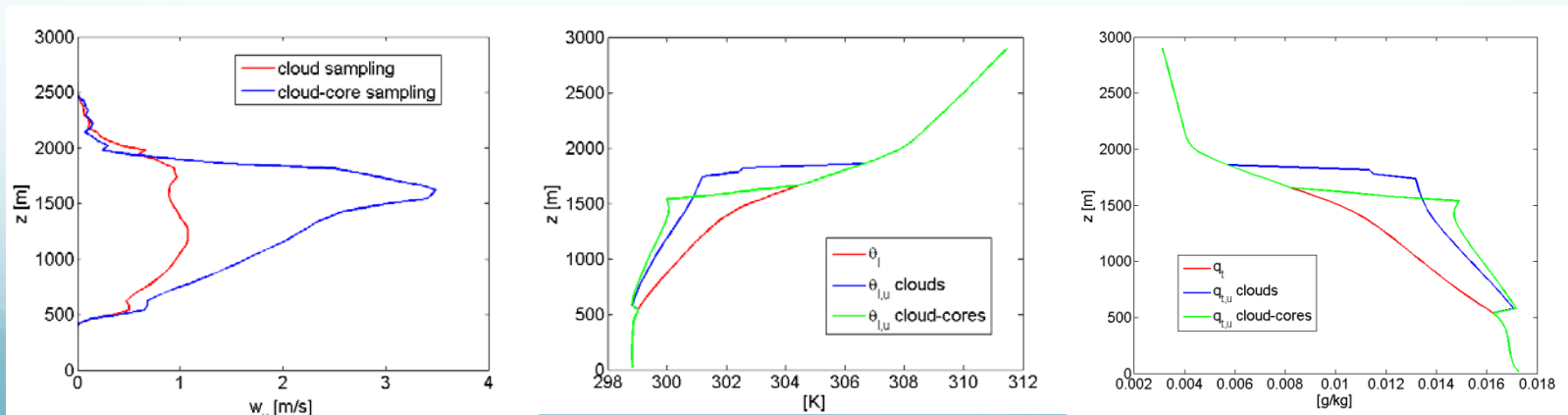
$$\frac{\partial \theta_{l,u}}{\partial z} = -\varepsilon(\theta_{l,u} - \bar{\theta})$$

$$\frac{\partial q_{t,u}}{\partial z} = -\varepsilon(q_{t,u} - \bar{q}_t)$$

$$w_u \frac{\partial w_u}{\partial z} = -\varepsilon b_1 w_u^2 + b_2 g \left( \frac{\theta_{v,u}}{\bar{\theta}_v} - 1 \right)$$



Additional sampling distinction: clouds & cloud-cores

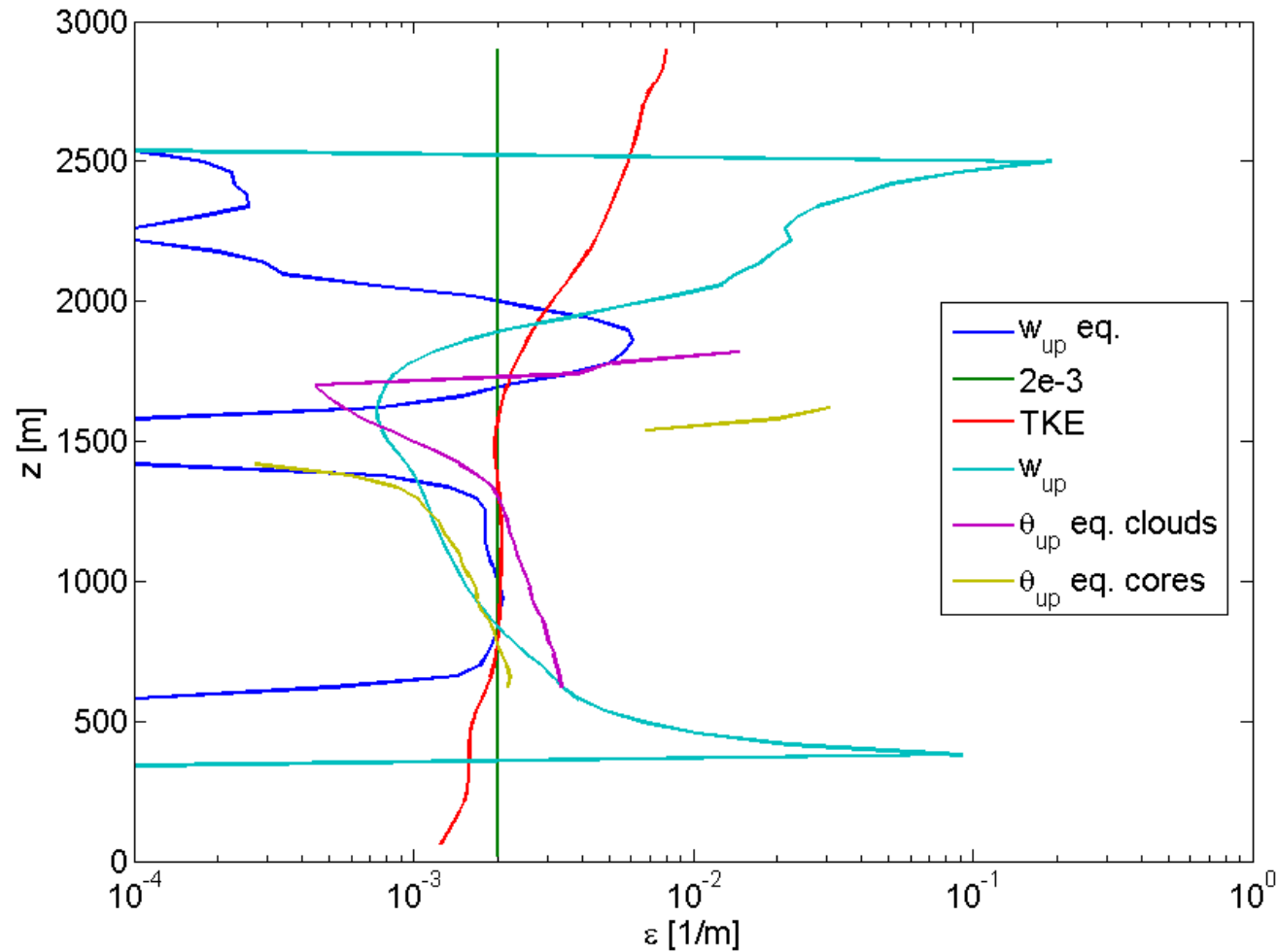




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## Entrainment diagnostics and parameterizations: BOMEX case



$$w_{up} \mapsto \epsilon = \frac{1}{400w_u}$$

$$TKE \mapsto \epsilon = \frac{1}{1500\sqrt{e}}$$

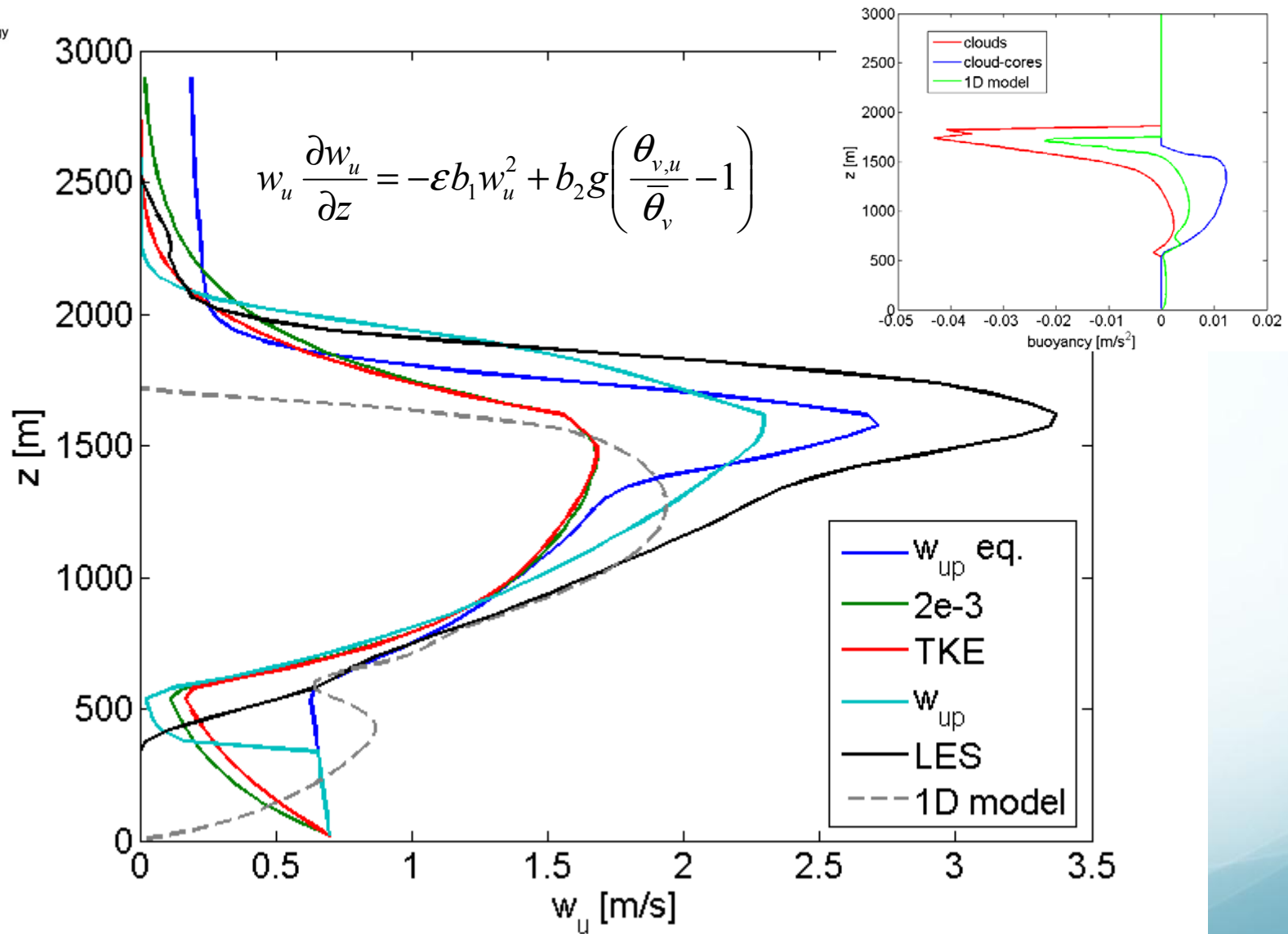
$$1500 \approx \tau = 0.5 \frac{z_{top}}{w_*}$$



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## How these parameterizations actually perform?





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PART 2

EDMF for vertical transport of TKE

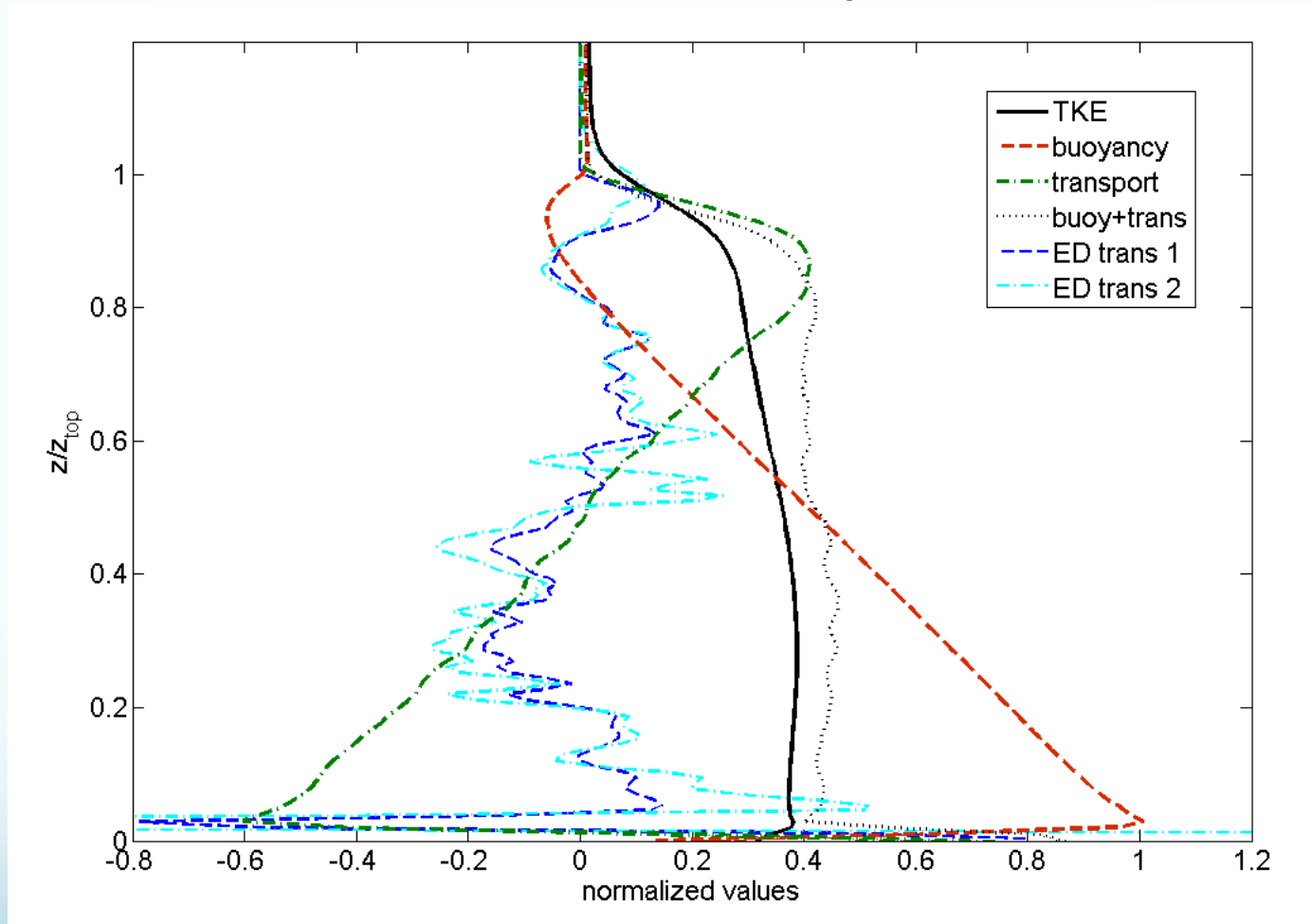




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## Motivation

$$\frac{\partial \overline{w'e}}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \overline{w'p'}}{\partial z} \cong \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( -K \frac{\partial e}{\partial z} \right)$$



"ED trans 1" and "ED trans 2": TKE transport based on ED parameterization



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## Equations and parameterizations:

$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial t} = \frac{g}{\theta_v} \overline{w' \theta_v'} - \frac{\partial \overline{w' e}}{\partial z} - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \overline{w' p'}}{\partial z} - \varepsilon - \overline{u' w'} \frac{\partial \bar{u}}{\partial z} - \overline{v' w'} \frac{\partial \bar{v}}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \overline{w' e}}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\partial \overline{w' u'^2}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \overline{w' v'^2}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \overline{w' w'^2}}{\partial z} \right)$$

## Updraft-environment decomposition

$$\overline{w'^3} \cong \overline{w'^3}^e + \sigma(1-\sigma)(1-2\sigma)(w_u - w_e)^3$$

$$\overline{w' e} \cong \overline{w' e}^e + \frac{1}{2} \sigma \frac{1-2\sigma}{(1-\sigma)^2} w_u^3$$

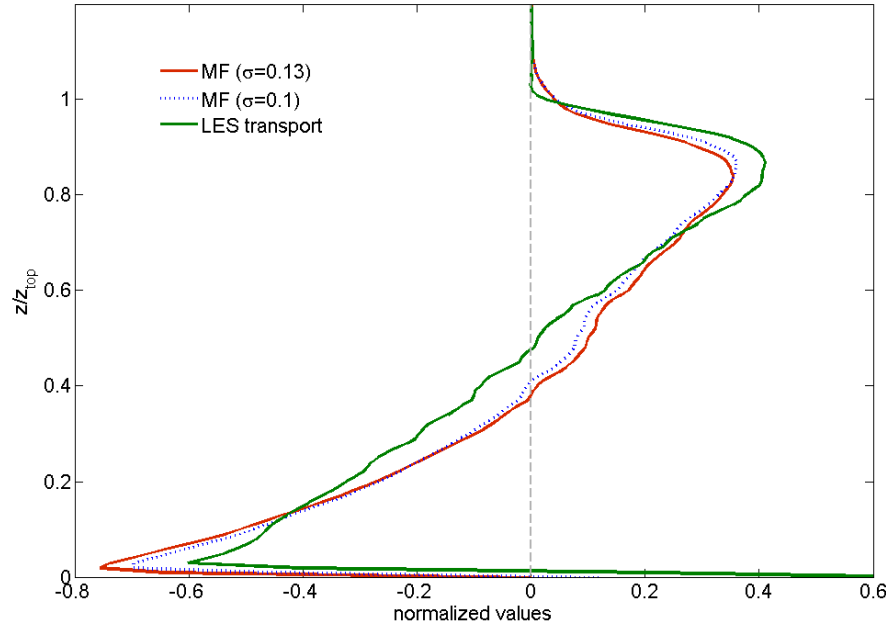
$$\frac{\partial \overline{w' e}}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \overline{w' p'}}{\partial z} \cong \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( -K \frac{\partial e}{\partial z} \right) + \frac{3}{2} \sigma w_u^2 \frac{\partial w_u}{\partial z} \left( 1 - \frac{\sigma^2}{(1-\sigma)^2} \right)$$

$$TKE \text{ transport} \cong ED \text{ term} + MF \text{ term}$$

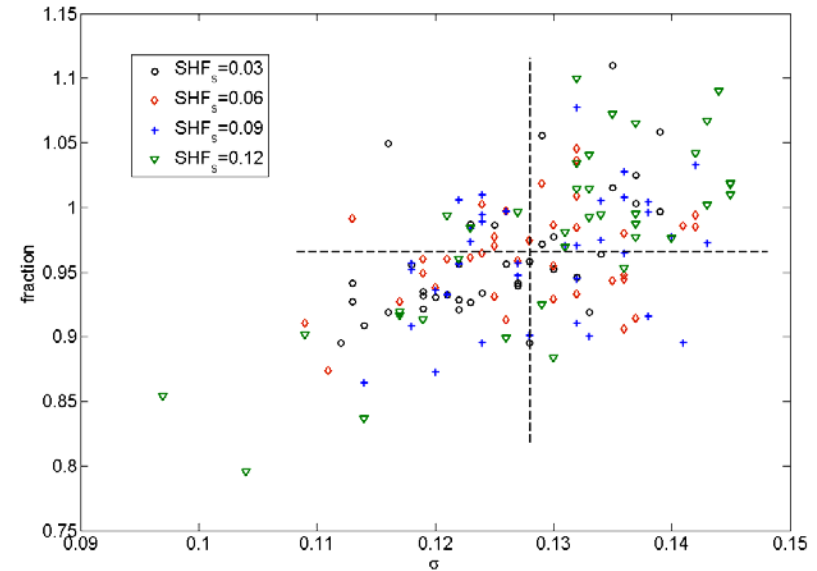


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# Verification with LES



What is an optimal updraft fraction?



Simplified 1D TKE simulations  
(most terms prescribed based on LES)

$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial t} = \frac{g}{\theta_v} \overline{w'\theta_v'} - \varepsilon - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( -K \frac{\partial e}{\partial z} \right) - \alpha \sigma w_u^2 \frac{\partial w_u}{\partial z}$$

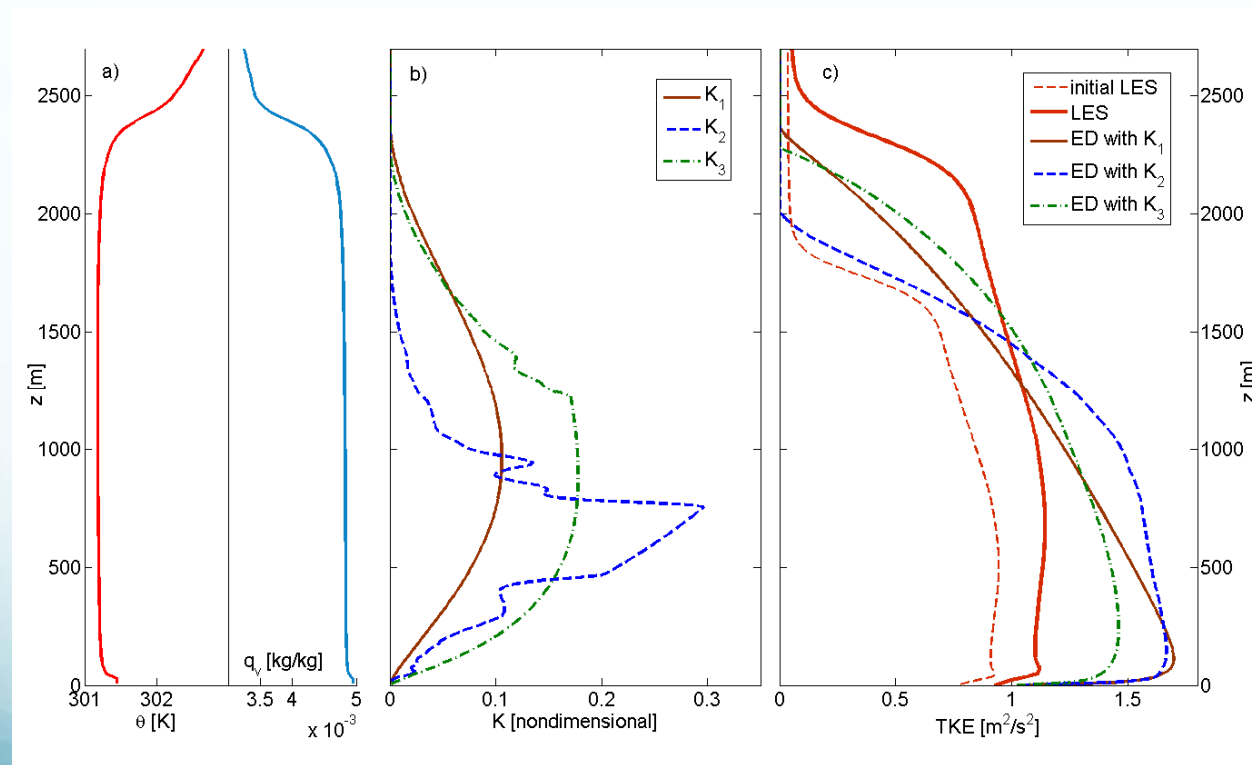
Minimum difference between  
the MF term and the LES  
transport

- updraft fraction 0.13
- 97% of LES trans. resolved



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	$K_1$	$K_2$	$K_3$
Expression and references	$K_1 = K_1 \left( \frac{z}{z_{top}}, u_*, w_* \right)$ Holtslag (1998)	$K_2 = l_2 S_h \sqrt{e}$ Bretherton and Park (2009)	$K_3 = a_3 l_3 \sqrt{e}$ Witek et al. (2011), Galperin et al. (1988)
Surface layer scaling	Prescribed	$kz$	$kz f(L)$
Static stability scaling	Prescribed	Embedded in $S_h$ $S_h = S_h(N^2, l_2, e)$	Embedded in $l_3$ $l_3 = \min[l_3, g(N, e)]$

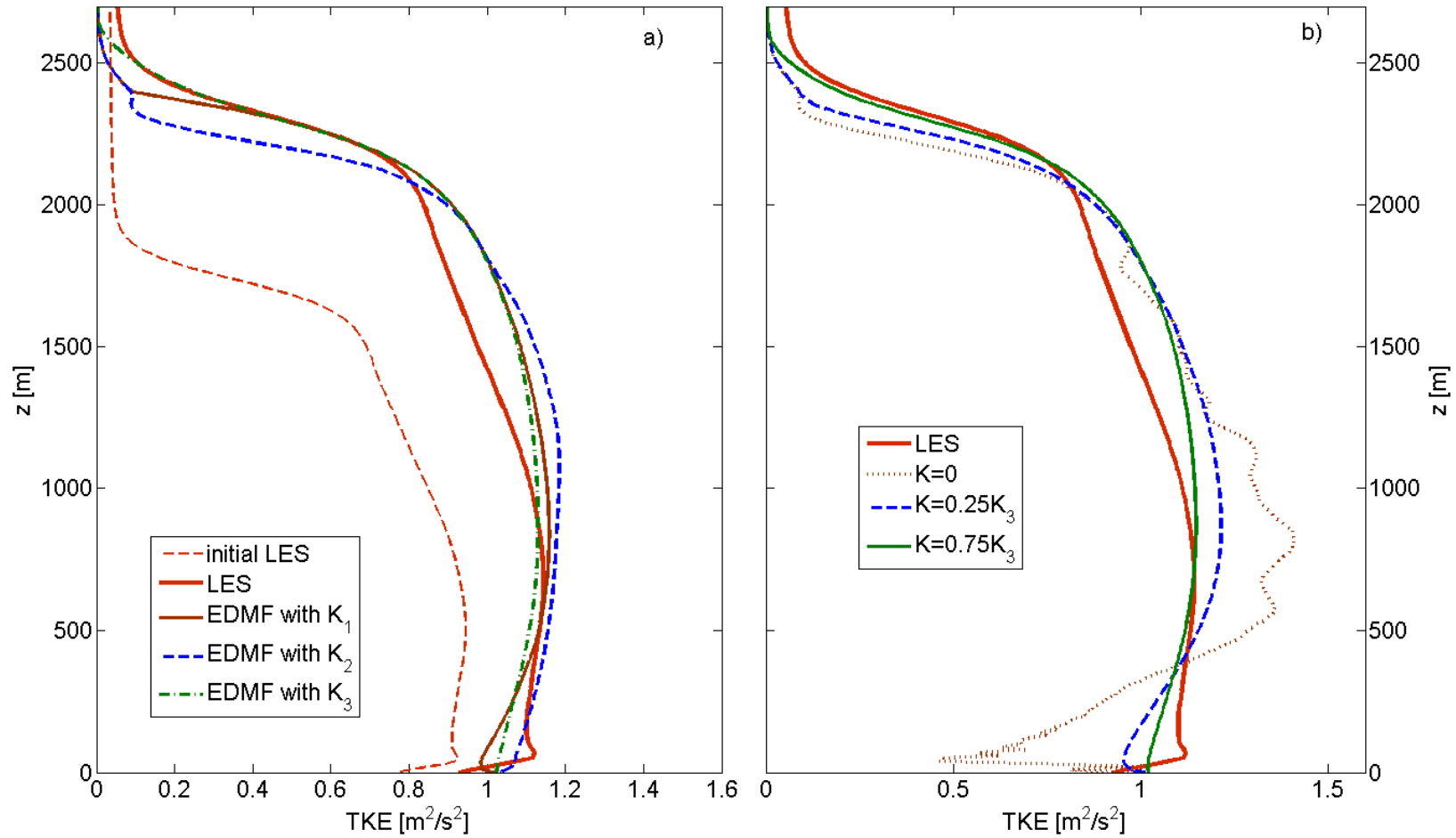


- Underestimated TKE in lower parts of CBL
- ED is not sufficiently transporting TKE upwards
- ED fails to resolve relatively constant TKE within CBL



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# Evaluation





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# Conclusions

1. Dry CBL can be simulated very well using the proposed integrated TKE-EDMF scheme.
2. TKE based  $\varepsilon$  parameterization can be potentially extended to shallow convection.
3. The new MF TKE transport term improves simulations of TKE